



#### **First View**

R. K. Mishra

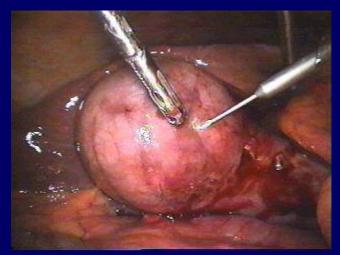


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# 

- Laparoscopic cholecystectomy is now the gold standard for the treatment of gallstones.
- Most commonly performed Minimal Access Surgery by General surgeons
- Gall stone disease affects 23.3% population worldwide





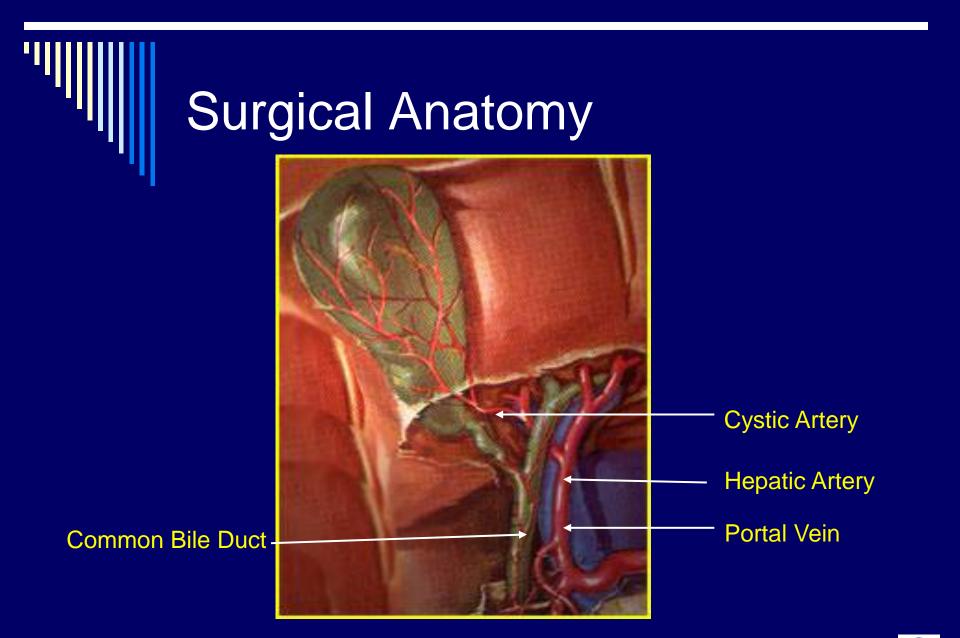


# ''''

# INDICATIONS

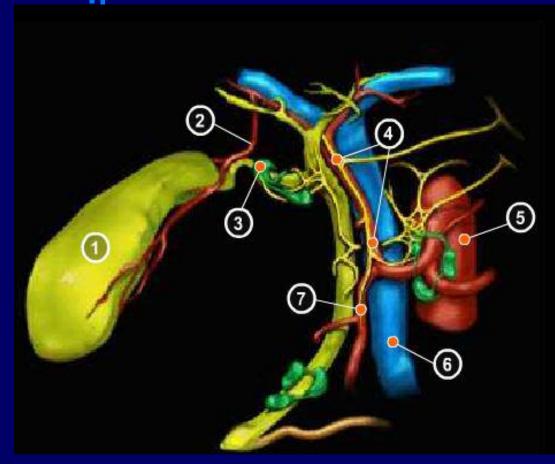
- Cholelithiasis
- Mucocele
- Empyema gall baldder
- □ Cholesterosis
- □ Typhoid carrier
- Porcelain gallbladder
- Acute cholecystyitis
- Adenomatous gall bladder polyps
- As part of Whipple's procedure







## **Topographic Anatomy**

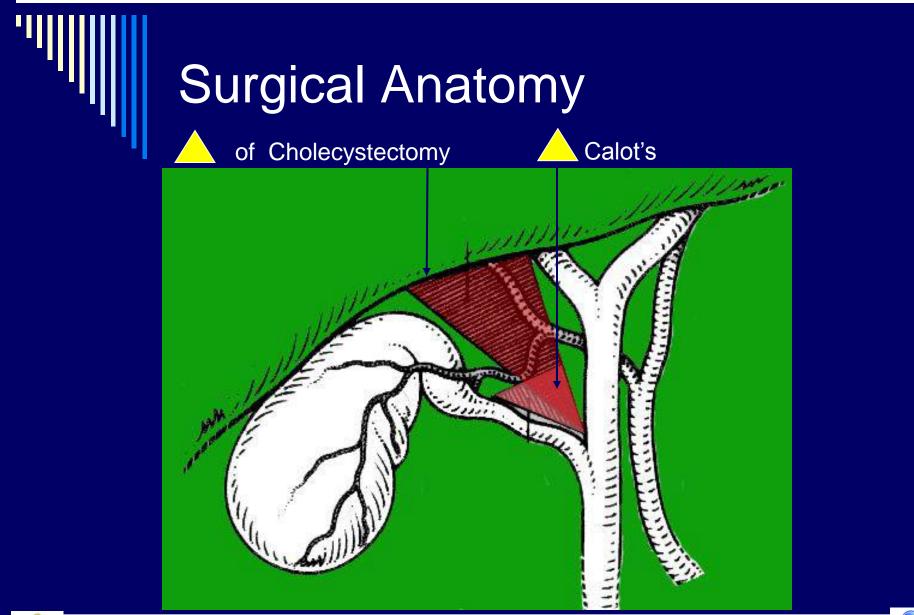


#### Vascular supply

- 1. Gallbladder
- 2. Cystic artery
- 3. Mascagni lymph node
- 4. Proper hepatic artery
- 5. Abdominal aorta
- 6. Portal vein
- 7. Gastroduodenal artery









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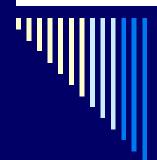




In American Position Surgeon stand left to patient







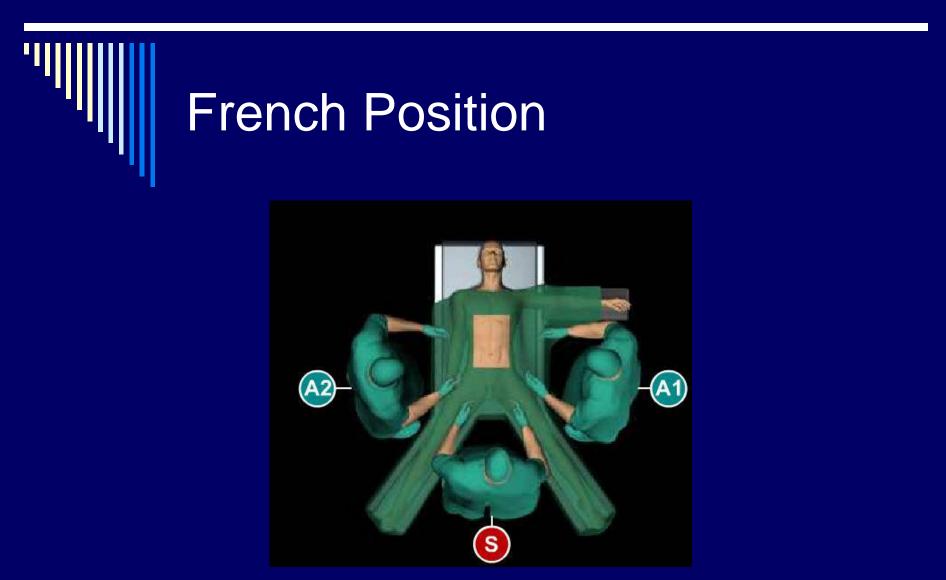
### **American Position**





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In French Position Surgeon stand between the leg of the patient





# Creation of Pneumoperitoneum

- 10-20 degree head down
- 10 mm transumbilical incision
- Lift abdominal wall & insert Veress needle at 45 degree elevation angle
- Start insufflation at 1litre/minute







# Port insertion

#### Position:

- 1<sup>st</sup> 10mm Umbilical for telescope
- 2<sup>nd</sup> 10mm Left
  Epigastric
- 3<sup>rd</sup> 5mm right hypochondriac for operating instrument
- 4<sup>th</sup> 5mm port in right hypochondrium 5 cm lateral to third port for Fundus traction











## Proper exposure of Cystic Pedicle is required







#### Hook can be used for adhesiolysis

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### **Traction & Lysis of Adhesion**

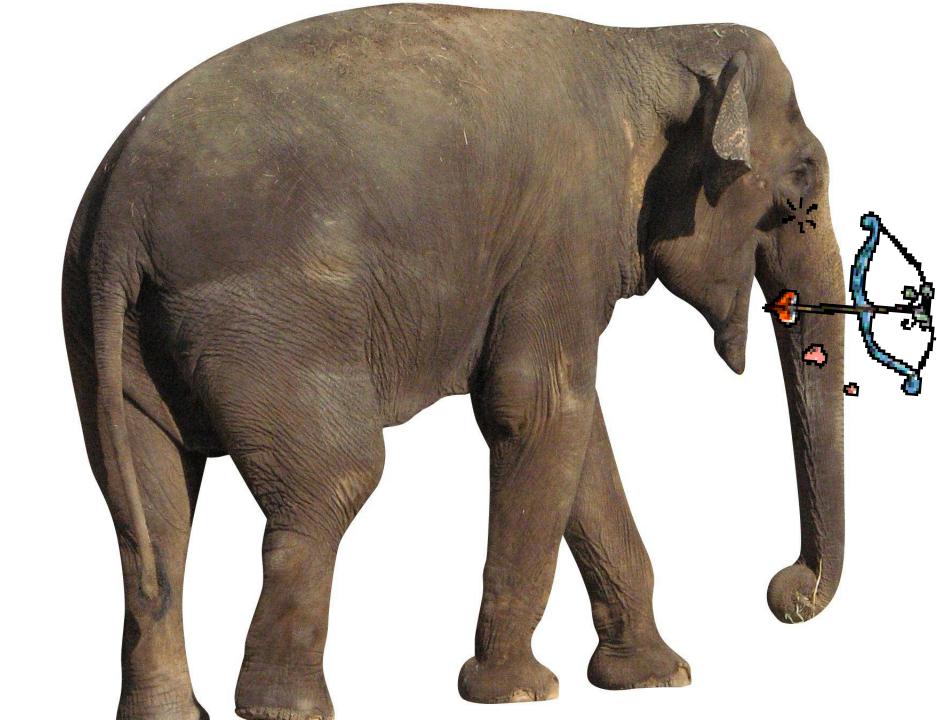
- Dissection starts on the anterior edge of Hartmann's pouch
- Peritoneum of the superior leaf of the cystic pedicle is divided superficially as far back as the liver by pledget, Scissors, Hook or Maryland.











# Traction & Lysis of Adhesion



#### Scissors Dissection with Monopolar current

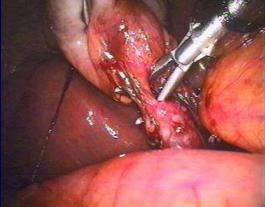
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# **Dissection of Cystic Pedicle**

Separation of the cystic duct anteriorly from the cystic artery performed by opening the jaw of Maryland.









### **Overshooting is dangerous**



During hook dissection principles of electrosurgery should be kept in mind



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# **Clipping of cystic artery**

Two clips are placed proximally on the cystic artery

Cystic artery is clipped and then divided by hook scissors

Artery is then grasped with a grasper on the gallbladder wall and then divided distal to the clips

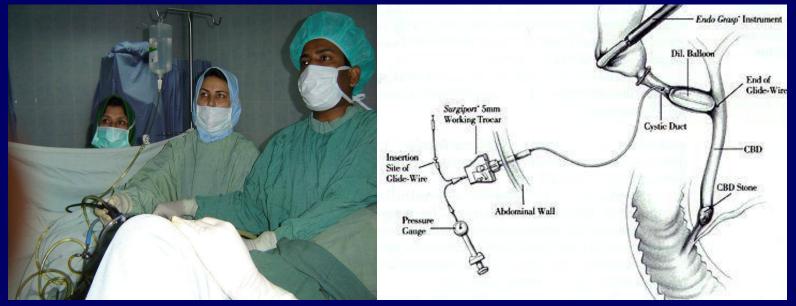












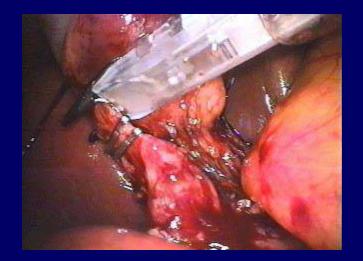
Operative Cholangiogram should be routine

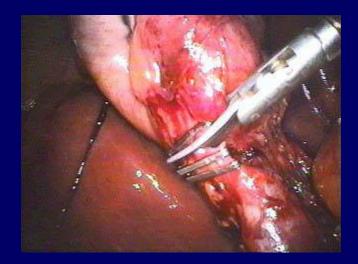












#### Clipping of cystic duct followed by dissection





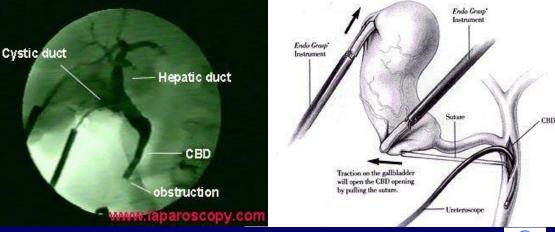
# **Operative Cholangiogram**

Cholangiography Should Be Routine, Not Selective

#### (JAMA. 2003;289:1639-1644, 1691-1692)

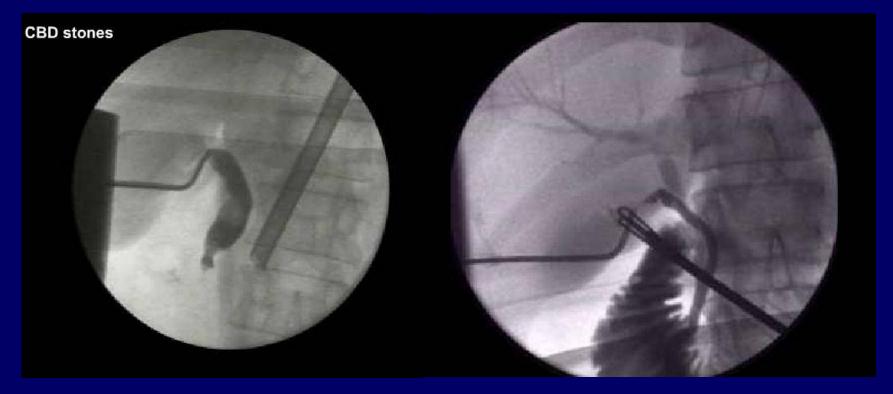
- Insertion of ureteric catheter by correct alignment of cystic duct and saline infusion
- Contrast medium injected & the patient should be in trendelenberg position











#### Obstruction of CBD

#### Normal Cholangiogram





# **Ligation of Cystic Duct**

#### Roeder or Meltzer extracorporeal slip knot is used

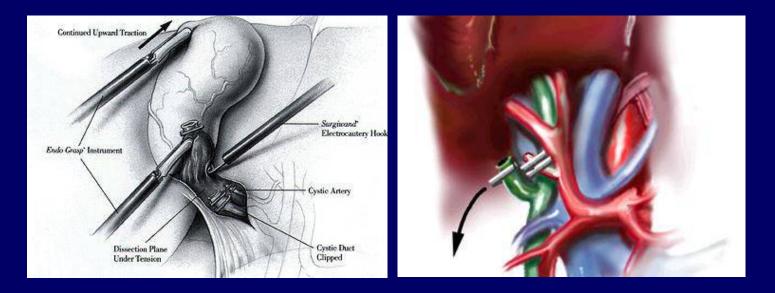
Clipping though easy but unsafe because of reports of internalization of clip and formation of Cat eye stones







# **USSECTION OF Gallbladder**



Anterolateral traction helps in proper dissection of gallbladder from gallbladder bed





# **Dissection of Gallbladder**



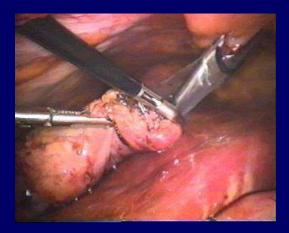


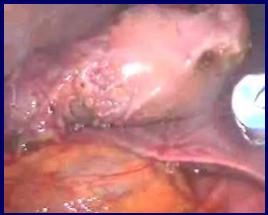


## **Extraction of Gallbladder**

 The gallbladder is extracted through the 11.0mm operating port inside a bag

Extraction inside a bag is recommended as a safeguard against stone loss and contamination of the exit wound









Extraction of Gallbladder with gentle traction

# **Extraction of Gallbladder**

#### Incision of neck of GB to suck the bile for Extraction of Gallbladder

### **Extraction of Gallbladder**

Suction of Gallbladder to empty it helps in extraction of gallbladder





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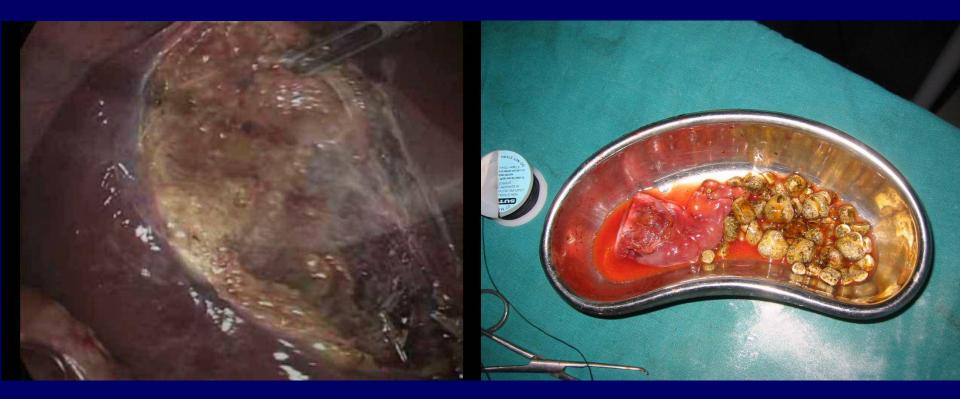
### **Extraction of Gallbladder**

Ovum forceps should be used to extract stones from inside the gallbladder

### **Extracted Gallbladder**



#### Extracted gallbladder with stones







#### Endobag for taking stone out

# Ending of the operation

- Abdomen should be examined for any possible bowel injury or haemorrhage
- Remove the Instrument and then port
- Remove telescope leaving gas valve of umbilical port open
- Remove port carefully and close the port wound





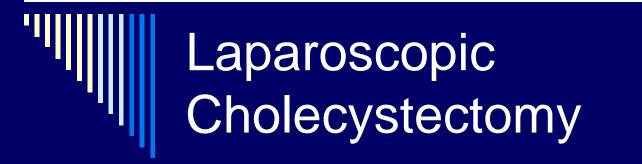


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Video of laparoscopic cholecystectomy



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# Two port Cholecystectomy











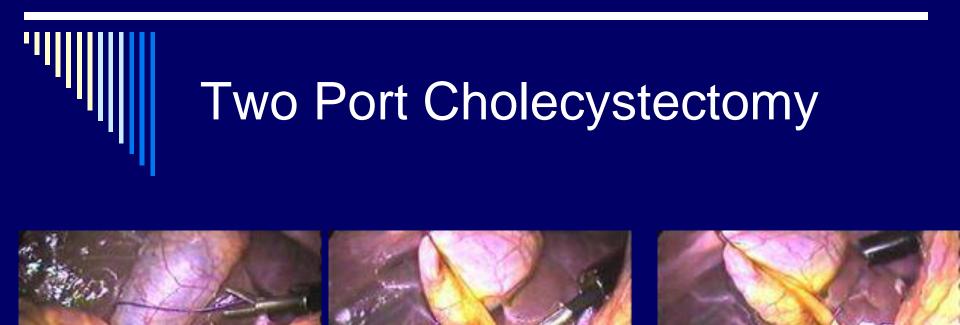


### Two port Cholecystectomy



We have developed new two port technique, First time telecasted on our National News Channel.



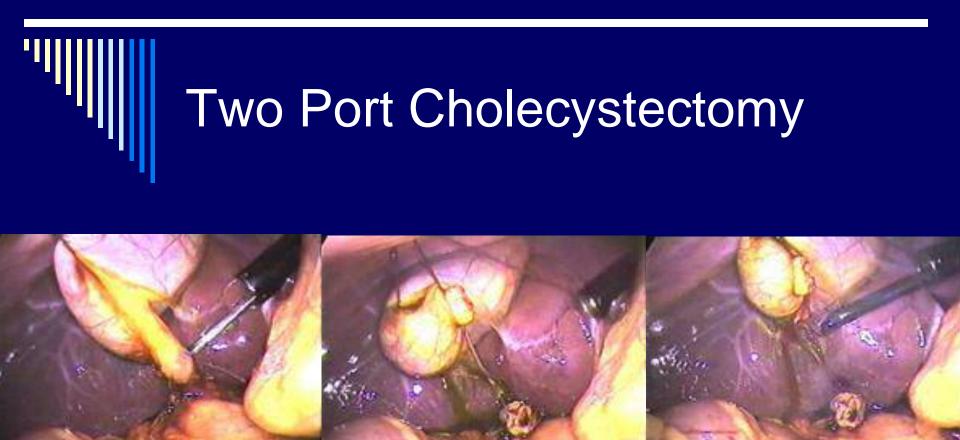


Strategically passed extracorporeal knot helps in two port laparoscopic cholecystectomy









The suture can be pulled from outside to give proper exposure during dissection of gallbladder from bed.





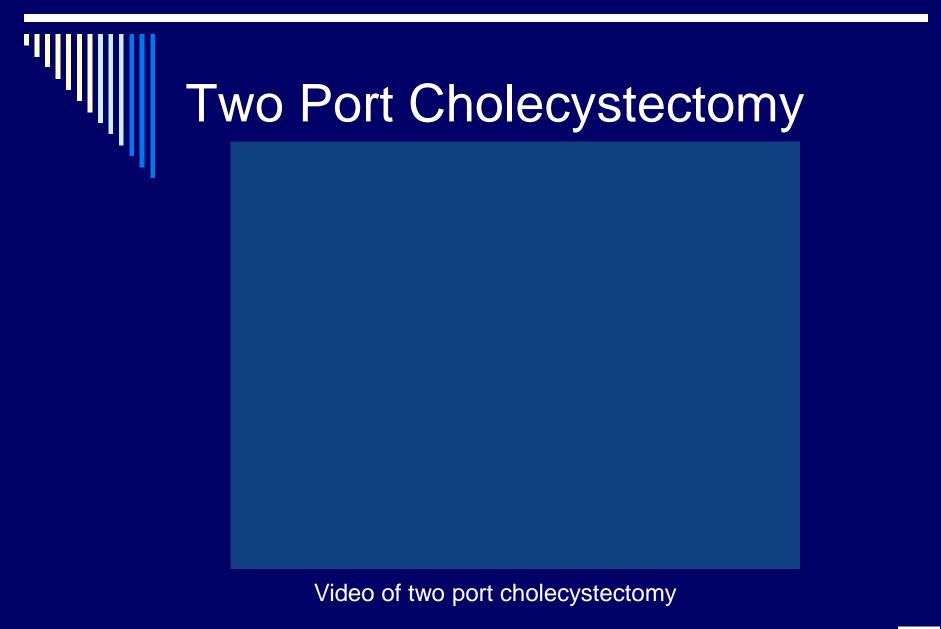


#### Gallbladder can be taken out from 10 mm epigastric port



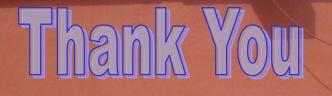












BASTABIPLIK

MİNİMAL ERİŞİM CERRAHİSİKURSU GÖZTEPE EĞİTİM VE ARAŞTIRMA HASTANESİ KADIN HASTALIKLARI VE DOĞUM KLİNİĞİ

R.K. Mishra's Course in Istanbul, Turkey